

USA TRACK & FIELD NATIONAL OFFICIALS COMMITTEE
2017-2020 Master Level Track and Field
Certification Rules Review (v 2.0)



Purpose

The purpose of this open-book rules review is for officials to become familiar with **both USATF and NCAA rule books**, and to gain and demonstrate knowledge about selected rules governing track and field events.

Instructions & Scoring

Use the [2016 USATF Competition Rules](#) and the [2015-2016 NCAA Cross Country/Track and Field Rules](#) .

Parts 1 & 2: Answer all 23 multiple choice questions, each worth 2 points; total possible score = 46 points.

Questions in these two parts are in sequential order as they appear in the rule books.

Part 3: Answer all 8 situational questions in this part, worth points as indicated in the question; total possible score = 42 points.

Part 4: Answer any 2 of the 4 situational questions in this part, each worth 6 points; total possible score = 12 points.

Total test possible score = 100. Minimum passing score is 90% (90 points).

Enter your answers on the answer sheet and send it to your Association Certification Chair.

**Using the 2017 USATF Competition Rules and 2017-2018 NCAA Rules are acceptable.*

PART 1: Multiple Choices - NCAA Rules (Read All Choices)

1. In selecting officials for an **NCAA** Conference Championship, which of the following guidelines are valid?
 - a. All choices are valid.
 - b. Every possible effort should be made to select officials so that no conflict of interest could arise between competitors and officials..
 - c. Currently enrolled students of any competing institution should not officiate but may serve in other capacities.
 - d. Officials must be trained in the rules that govern NCAA track and field.

2. Which are duties of the **NCAA** referee?
 - a. To decide all questions regarding the re-staging of an event
 - b. Make a ruling on rules violations reported by competition officials or on field protests
 - c. Ensure fair and safe competition for all competitors and disqualify those whose acts violate the rules of fair and safe competition
 - d. All of the above

3. Which of the following correctly describes a runner's responsibility in **NCAA** competition?
 - a. Runners are to report to the Clerk no later than the check-in time designated by the Games Committee and shall promptly be at the starting line
 - b. Runners must conduct themselves in an honest and sporting fashion at all times toward opponents, officials and spectators
 - c. It is not the runner's responsibility to ensure that he or she is wearing the proper uniform; it is solely the responsibility of the runner's institution.
 - d. a and b above

4. Which of the following is NOT considered assistance to an athlete (**NCAA**)?
 - a. Pacing in races by persons not participating in the same race or by lapped competitors.
 - b. Any kind of medical safeguard, like taping two fingers together, even if it provides a direct aid in the specific execution of the event.
 - c. The viewing of a videotape or photos, or the use of any wireless communication device by a competitor after the competition has been completed.
 - d. Crossing the track to confer with coaches during the 400m hurdles.

5. Regarding an **NCAA** competitor's attire, which of the following are true?
 - a. The heel of the shoes used in the high jump shall have a maximum thickness of 19 millimeters
 - b. Visible undergarments must be worn under the uniform and be a solid color
 - c. The uniform top must cover the full length of the torso
 - d. All of the above

6. Which of the following is considered a legal exchange of the baton in an **NCAA** relay?
 - a. Baton is dropped by the incoming runner prior to entering the exchange zone and recovered by the outgoing runner prior to entering the exchange zone
 - b. Baton is dropped by the incoming runner beyond the exchange zone and recovered by the outgoing runner beyond the exchange zone
 - c. Baton is dropped by the incoming runner within the exchange zone and recovered by the outgoing runner within the exchange zone
 - d. a and b above

7. Which of the following throwing aids is not allowed in **NCAA** competition?
 - a. A suitable substance on the hands only for a better grip in the hammer and weight throws
 - b. The use of gloves with the tips of the glove fingers open in the hammer and weight throws
 - c. Taping of two or more fingers together so that they cannot move separately
 - d. To obtain a better grip in the shot put a suitable substance can be applied to the hands and neck

8. Which of the following statements are correct regarding **NCAA** warm-up restrictions for field events?
 - a. In the high jump and pole vault, if a competitor has not taken an initial jump within one hour after the start of the competition, that competitor is allowed use of the runway and landing area without the bar in place.
 - b. In the high jump when more than one competitor has not taken an initial jump one hour after the start of competition, and they enter the competition at the same time, each receives a maximum of one and one-half minutes for warm-up. The time is not aggregated for the group
 - c. Between the long jump preliminary and final rounds, there may be a warm-up period for all competitors in the final, for a period of time not greater than the time allowed for flight-specific warm-up.
 - d. All of the above

9. Which of the following is correct regarding an **NCAA** Hammer or Javelin competition in which an implement breaks?
 - a. If the implement breaks while it is in the air, the attempt is valid and measured provided no other rules were broken during the attempt
 - b. If the implement breaks while it is in the air and no other rules were broken during the attempt, the attempt is not measured and the athlete is given another trial
 - c. If the implement breaks upon impact within the legal sector, a substitute throw shall not be permitted, and the throw shall be measured provided no other rules were broken during the attempt,
 - d. b and c above

10. Which of the following is considered a failed attempt in a **NCAA** hammer throw?
 - a. In making his or her turns, the hammer wire breaks causing the athlete's left hand to touch outside the throwing circle
 - b. The athlete's left foot touches the top of the iron band, hammer is then released and breaks during the course of the throw
 - c. Hammer upon release touches the cage and the head of the hammer lands within the sector

- d. Athlete exits the circle from the rear half of the circle after the hammer lands in the sector
11. During an **NCAA** cross-country championship, **Runner A** false starts after the whistle is sounded and several teams start the race. The Starter and the recall starters call the group back for a second start. The second start is a fair start, after which **Runner B** falls about 150 meters beyond the start. That runner falls on his/her own and impedes no one. Which is the correct application of the rules regarding the start of the race?
- Runner A** is not disqualified for the initial false start. The Starter and recall starters do not recall the start when they see **Runner B** fall after the second start
 - Runner A** is disqualified for the initial false start. The Starter and recall starters fire their pistols after they see **Runner B** fall and call the group back and start the race for a third time
 - Runner A** is not disqualified for the initial false start. The Starter and recall starters fire their pistols after they see **Runner B** fall and call the group back and start the race for a third time
 - Runner A** is disqualified for the initial false start. The Starter and recall starters do not recall the start when they see **Runner B** fall.
12. Which of the following is not a true statement for an **NCAA** Combined Events competition?
- The increment for high jump shall be 3 cm and for the pole vault shall be 10 cm
 - Hurdles may be run in alternate or consecutive lanes
 - If two or more competitors achieve an equal number of points for any place in the competition, it shall remain a tie.
 - If an athlete fails to attempt a start or make a trial in any event, he or she shall be considered to have abandoned the competition and cannot continue in the combined event competition.

PART 2: Multiple Choices - USATF Rules (Read All Choices)

13. The **USATF** Chief Field Judge:
- Shall allocate the duties of each judge in the event and coordinate the work of the judges
 - Shall perform the appropriate facility verification and certification if for any reason certification is not given by the Technical Manager
 - Should not have or assume any duties that will prevent or interfere with the ability to determine the validity of any performance by any competitor
 - All of the above
14. In **USATF** competitions, the Inspector of Implements shall be responsible for all the following **except**:
- Ensures that the track, runways, circles, arcs, sectors, landing areas for field events and all equipment are in accordance with the Rules and shall verify the calibration of electronic equipment
 - Weighs and measures competition implements
 - Places a designation mark on each passed implement (i.e., "mark of the day")
 - Having been directed to do so by the referee, certifies additional implements, between qualifying rounds and in the competition proper
15. In **USATF** races with more than 12 competitors that do not start in lanes, competitors may be divided into two groups and placed on separate arced starting lines according to the following:
- Two-thirds of the runners placed on the arced starting line marked across the outer half of the track, one-third on the regular starting line.
 - Half the runners start on the regular arched starting line. Half start on the line across the outer half of the track.
 - Two-thirds of the runners placed on the regular arced starting line, one-third placed across the outer half of the track.
 - None of the above
16. Most tracks have markings indicating proper placement of hurdles, (often small triangles with the base of the triangle nearest the approaching hurdler, and opposing point of the triangle in the direction of the finish of the race). Which of the following describes the correct placement of the hurdles (**USATF**)?

- a. The edge of the hurdle bar furthest from the approaching hurdler coincides with the edge of the marking furthest from the approaching hurdler (or the forward tip of the triangle marking)
 - b. The edge of the hurdle base furthest from the approaching hurdler coincides with the edge of the marking nearest the approaching hurdler (or the base of the triangle marking)
 - c. The edge of the hurdle bar furthest from the approaching hurdler coincides with the edge of the marking nearest the approaching hurdler (or base of the triangle marking)
 - d. The edge of the hurdle bar nearest the approaching hurdler coincides with the edge of the marking nearest the approaching hurdler (or base of the triangle marking)
17. For the steeplechase, which statement is not correct (**USATF**)?
- a. An athlete may go over each hurdle in any manner
 - b. The 2000 meter version shall have 18 hurdle jumps and 6 water jumps
 - c. It is not a disqualification if an athlete fails to negotiate the first water jump located inside the track, but doubles back, staying outside the inner lane line marking, and then jumps the water barrier
 - d. It is a disqualification if, at the instant of clearance, the leg or foot drops below the horizontal plane at the top of any hurdle
18. For a **USATF** 4x400 meter relay run with a three turn stagger, the third and fourth outgoing runners are placed in their waiting positions in the same order as:
- a. The order of their respective team member when the leader of the race is at the beginning of the straight before the pass
 - b. The order of their respective team member when the leader of the race is mid-way around the turn immediately before the pass
 - c. The order of their respective team member when the leader of the race passes the point which is 200 meters from the finish of their leg
 - d. The order of their respective team member as that team member passes the point which is 200 meters from the finish of their leg
19. For **USATF** relays, which statement is not true?
- a. Relay baton is a hollow circular tube with a length between 28cm and 30cm
 - b. The 4x200 meter relay shall be run entirely in lanes
 - c. The Distance Medley Relay race shall be run without the use of lanes
 - d. In all the standard distance relays in outdoor track, the exchange zone shall be 20 meters long.
20. If the **USATF** Games Committee deems it necessary, a separate qualifying competition may precede the competition proper to determine which athletes entered in the event shall compete in the competition proper. Which is not a true statement?
- a. In Championship competition, when sixteen or more competitors entered report prior to the qualifying competition, qualifying rounds shall be held
 - b. A competitor who has been determined to have qualified for competition proper shall be allowed to continue to compete to see if he or she can improve their performance.
 - c. Performances made in qualifying competition shall not be considered part of the competition proper or count in deciding the final standing in the event
 - d. Competitors shall compete in the order drawn by lot
21. In a **USATF** long jump an athlete takes off from the take-off board; which of the following is considered a failure or foul:
- a. Competition is using plasticine; the competitor breaks the plane of the take-off board, but there is no mark in the plasticine that the competitor touched the ground beyond the take off line
 - b. Competition is using plasticine; while taking off the competitor touches the ground beyond the take off line evidenced by a mark in the plasticine
 - c. Competitor walks back through the landing area after having exited the landing area properly
 - d. None of the above

22. In a **USATF** Combined Event hurdle race, decathletes A and B are placed in the same heat. Decathlete A false starts in the first attempt to start the race. Decathlete B then false starts in the second attempt to start the race. Which of the following is true?
- a. In the combined events, both athletes are disqualified after one false start each.
 - b. When Decathlete A false starts in the first attempt, the false start is charged to the field - subsequently, Decathlete B is disqualified in the second attempt to start the heat.
 - c. Neither decathlete is disqualified because each respective athlete is allowed one false start in the combined events.
 - d. All of the above.
23. In **USATF** long distance and road events, the Organizing Committee:
- a. May permit athletes to provide their own refreshments, in which case the athlete shall nominate at which stations they shall be made available to the athlete.
 - b. Shall delineate, by barriers, tables or markings on the ground, the area from which refreshments can be received or collected
 - c. Shall have the authority to disqualify a competitor who collects refreshment from a place other than a refreshment station
 - d. a and b above

This concludes Parts 1 & 2. Transfer your answers for these questions onto the answer sheet below.

Now proceed to Parts 3 & 4 on the answer sheet below, which contains the questions and space for your answers.

***If you are unsure about your answer because you felt the situation or question was confusing, just write an explanation regarding your answer(s).**

USA TRACK & FIELD NATIONAL OFFICIALS COMMITTEE
2017-2020 Master Level T&F Rules Review
Answer Sheet (v 2.0)



Name:	Phone:	Association:
Address, City, State, Zip:		
Email Address:	Certification #	

PARTS 1 & 2: Multiple Choices – Must Answer All 23 Questions in this Section

2 points for each correct answer; total = 46 points.			
Part 1		Part 2	
Correct Answer	NCAA Rule Number(s)	Correct Answer	USATF Rule Number(s)
1.		13.	
2.		14.	
3.		15.	
4.		16.	
5.		17.	
6.		18.	
7.		19.	
8.		20.	
9.		21.	
10.		22.	
11.		23.	
12.		Total Points for Parts 1 & 2: _____	

Name _____

Scoring Summary

Part	Questions	Points	Score
Parts 1 & 2 – Answer All	# 1 - 23	46	
Part 3 – Answer All	# 24	5	
	# 25	5	
	# 26	5	
	# 27	4	
	# 28	5	
	# 29	6	
	# 30	6	
	# 31	6	
Part 4 – Answer 2 of 4	# 32	6	
	# 33	6	
	# 34	6	
	# 35	6	
Total		100	

Overall max score = 100 points 90 points (90%) needed to pass.

PART 3: Situations - Answer All 8 of the Questions in this Section (# 24-31)

Use NCAA or USATF Rules, as indicated in the questions. Point values are specified in the questions.

24. Verticals - Time Limits. In a **USATF** open high jump 5 athletes remain in the competition.

- At 1.80m, **Athletes A and B** fail all three attempts; **Athlete C** fails her first two attempts and passes her third attempt; **Athlete D** clears the height on her third attempt; and **Athlete E** has yet to enter the competition.
- At 1.83m, **Athlete C** fails on her first attempt; **Athlete D** clears that height on her second attempt; and **Athlete E** enters the competition but has three misses.
- At 1.86m **Athlete D** jumps and has three misses.

In the white spaces in the chart below enter the time in minutes allowed for each jumper.

Each correct answer is worth ¼ point; total for this question = 5 points.

Athlete	1.80m			1.83m			1.86m		
	1st	2nd	3rd	1st	2nd	3rd	1st	2nd	3rd
A									
B									
C			-						
D									
E	-	-	-						

Score for Q 24: _____

- 25. Relay Team Member Eligibility.** For an **NCAA** competition, each school may list no more than six athletes who can run on a relay team. On the first day of a meet **Team “D”** wins the 4x100 meter relay qualifying race for the final to be held the next day. Later on the first day, one of the athletes who ran on **Team D’s** 4x100 meter relay does not report and does not compete in the qualifying round of the 100-meter dash. On the second day, the four athletes who ran on **Team D’s** 4x100 relay qualifying race report to run in the relay final.
- Is the **Team D** runner who did not participate in the 100 meter qualifying round eligible to compete in the 4x100 finals?
 - Is Team D, using an alternate runner, eligible to compete in the 4x100 finals?
 - What medical considerations, failure to participate, etc. could have come into play?
 - List all applicable rules.

The correct answers for parts A, B, and D are worth 1 point each. One correct answer for Part C is worth 1 point; 2 or more correct answers are worth 2 points. Total for this question = 5 points.

Part	Answers
A	
B	
C	<p>(Note: The 2017-2018 NCAA rule book differs from the old rule book. If you have to use the old rule book, note that you did.)</p>
D	

Score for Q 25: _____

- 26. Long Jump.** At an **USATF** competition, you are the head long jump official. For situations listed below, list the appropriate rule in addition to the correct answer.
- On landing, **Athlete A’s** right hand touches the ground outside of the pit nearer to the take-off line than the break in the landing area. Is the jump legal or a foul?
 - Athlete B** is wearing a hat to contain her hair. While in the air, the hat falls off in the pit closer to the take-off board than any mark made by the body. Should the mark be measured, from the hat or the body?
 - Athlete C** is wearing a hat to contain her hair. If the hat does not fall off and the closest mark to the take-off board is made by the hat, should this mark be used?
 - Athlete D’s** attempt is ruled a foul. Describe actions you would take in the event there is an immediate protest made by the athlete.

Each correct answer for Parts A, B, & C is worth ½ point; each correct answer for Part D is worth 1 point; total for this question = 5 points.

Part	For A, B, & C, circle the correct answer, and enter the rule number(s)
A	Jump is: Legal / Foul (½ point) Rule Number(s): _____ (½ point)
B	Hat falls off upon landing, measure from: Hat / Body (½ point) Rule Number(s): _____(½ point)
C	Hat remains on, measure from mark made by : Hat / Body (½ point) Rule Number(s): _____ (½ point)
D	(2 points)

Score for Q 26: _____

27. Pole Vault - Make or Miss. At an **NCAA** conference championship you are the bar official for the men’s pole vault. Circle the correct answer for each instance in the table below, and enter the applicable NCAA rule. Each correct answer is worth ½ point (total 4 points).

- A. **Athlete A**, in the process of clearing the crossbar, pushes the pole into the standard causing the crossbar to be displaced.
- B. **Athlete B** clears the bar. The assigned pole-catcher (pole-catching official/volunteer) catches the pole that was moving in the direction of the crossbar. The head official believes that, without question, the pole would have displaced the crossbar if not for the actions of the pole-catcher.
- C. **Athlete C**, in his attempt, takes off into the air and his body breaks the plane of the zero line while in the air but returns back to the runway without clearing the crossbar.
- D. As **Athlete D** clears the crossbar, a gust of wind pushes the pole back into crossbar after **Athlete D** has clearly and visibly made an effort to push the pole away from the crossbar.

Each correct answer is worth ½ point; total for this question = 4 points.

Athlete	Circle the Correct Answer	Enter the NCAA Rule Number
A	Make / Miss	
B	Make / Miss / No Attempt	
C	Make / Miss / No Attempt	
D	Make / Miss	

Score for Q 27: _____

28. Throws - Dropped Implement. In a **USATF** throws event an athlete enters the circle and starts the throw. During the attempt, he or she drops the implement. (This is not to be interpreted that the athlete, under control, chose to interrupt the trial.) Circle the correct answers in the table below.

- A. If the implement is dropped inside the circle:
 1. May the athlete pick up the implement and attempt to throw it again?
 2. Is this attempt valid or foul?

- B. If the implement is dropped outside the circle, and lands outside the sector lines:
1. May the athlete pick up the implement and attempt to throw it again?
 2. Is this attempt valid or foul?
- C. If the implement is dropped outside the circle, and lands inside the sector lines:
1. Is this attempt is valid or foul?

Each correct answer is worth 1 point; total for this question = 5 points.

If an implement is dropped:	Then	Answer
Inside the circle	Allow another throw?	Yes / No
	Rule the attempt:	Foul / No Foul
Outside the circle	And it lands outside sector -- allow another throw?	Yes / No
	And it lands outside sector -- rule the attempt:	Foul / No Foul
	And it lands inside sector -- rule the attempt:	Foul / No Foul

Score for Q 28: _____

29. Relay Breaks. **NCAA** Relay races are conducted in different manners. Make entries in the table below for **outdoor** relays (4x100m, 4x200m, and 4x400m). For Parts A, B, & C circle the correct answers based on the NCAA **required or recommended** way to conduct the relay; for Part D enter the correct answer.

Each correct answer is worth ½ point; total for this question = 6 points.

Part	Question	4x100m Relay	4x200m Relay	4x400m Relay
A	Is entire race run in lanes?	Yes / No	Yes / No	Yes / No
B	When may the runner break for the inside lane?	after 1 turn / 2 turns / no break, stay in lanes	after 1 turn / 2 turns / 3 turns / no break / All are possible	after 1 turn / 2 turns / 3 turns / no break, stay in lanes
C	Is an international or acceleration zone used?	Yes / No	Yes / No	Yes / No
D	Color of exchange zone markings?			

Score for Q 29: _____

30. Lane Violations. In races run entirely in lanes, athletes are expected to stay in their own lanes from start to finish. Running outside assigned lanes **may** result in a violation of the rules and **may** result in disqualification. Enter your answers to the questions in the table below for **Both USATF and NCAA competitions**. Each correct answer is worth 1/2 point; total for this question = 6 points.

While running a race in lanes	If an athlete runs	Describe Both: when a violation <u>should result in a DQ</u>; and when a violation <u>should not result in a DQ</u>
USATF	Rule 163	
On a curve	On or over the inside lane line	
	On or over the outside lane line	
On a straightaway	On or over either lane line	
NCAA	Rules 5-4 & 5-5	
On a curve	On or over the inside lane line	
	On or over the outside lane line	
On a straightaway	On or over either lane line	

Score for Q 30: _____

31. Starting. Rules for the start of a race vary between **USATF** and **NCAA**. In the table below, circle the correct answer for each instance, for the two types of competitions. Enter the correct answer for the recall part. Each correct answer is worth ¼ point; total for this question = 6 points.

Item	USATF (open events)	NCAA
Starting blocks for races of:		
400m and less	Required / Allowed / Not Allowed	Required / Allowed / Not Allowed
> 400m and < 800m	Required / Allowed / Not Allowed	Required / Allowed / Not Allowed
800m and greater	Required / Allowed / Not Allowed	Required / Allowed / Not Allowed
Crouch start for races of:		
400m and less	Required / Allowed / Not Allowed	Required / Allowed / Not Allowed
> 400m and < 800m	Required / Allowed / Not Allowed	Required / Allowed / Not Allowed
800m and greater	Required / Allowed / Not Allowed	Required / Allowed / Not Allowed
Standing start for races of:		
400m and less	Required / Allowed / Not Allowed	Required / Allowed / Not Allowed
> 400m and < 800m	Required / Allowed / Not Allowed	Required / Allowed / Not Allowed
800m and greater	Required / Allowed / Not Allowed	Required / Allowed / Not Allowed
Recall if an athlete falls		
In 1st _____ meters due to _____	_____ m _____ (races both in lanes & not in lanes)	_____ m _____ (races not in lanes) (Note: There is a change in 2017-2018 rule book; so, an answer from the new or old rule book is acceptable)
Block holders (if OK'd by Starter)	Allowed / Not Allowed / Not Addressed	Allowed / Not Allowed / Not Addressed
Assistance in setting blocks (if OK'd by Starter)	Yes / No / Not Addressed	Yes / No / Not Addressed

Score for Q 31: _____

PART 4: Situational Questions - Answer any 2 of the following 4 Questions in this Section (#32 – 35)

Use NCAA or USATF Rules, as indicated in the questions. Each question is worth 6 points.

32. Verticals - Jump-off & Placing. For an **NCAA** high jump competition, complete the results sheet below. There will be two or more athletes tied for first place; use the results in the jump-off columns to determine final places. **Suggestion:** Fill in the “Misses” boxes to help you identify and break ties, and circle the letters in the second “Name” column to indicate those athletes involved in a jump-off.

Each correct answer in the “Place” column (for all athletes), and each correct answer in the “Final Place” column (only for athletes involved in a tie-breaker jump-off) - in the darker shaded & bold outlined boxes - is worth ½ point; total for this question = 6 points.

Name	2.00	2.05	2.09	2.12	2.15	2.18	Best	Misses *		Place	Name	Jump - Off				Final Place
								(1)	(2)			2.18	2.16	2.14	2.16	
A	O	XO	O	XO	XXX	Out	2.12				A					
B	XO	---	O	---	XO	XXX	2.15				B	X	X	O	X	
C	XO	O	O	O	XO	XXX	2.15				C	X	X	X		
D	O	O	O	XO	XXO	XXX	2.15				D					
E	O	O	XO	XXX	Out	Out	2.09				E					
F	XXO	XO	O	XO	XO	XXX	2.15				F					
G	O	XO	O	XO	XXX	Out	2.12				G					
H	---	O	O	XXO	XXX	Out	2.12				H					
I	O	XO	---	---	XO	XXX	2.15				I	X	X	O	O	

* The “Misses” columns are provided for your use if desired; entries here are not scored.

(1) # of misses at the tied height

(2) # of misses throughout the competition up to & including the tied height

Score for Q 32: _____

33. Legal/ Illegal Assistance. You are an umpire for a meet using **NCAA** rules. In an invitational 10,000-meter race with both college and unattached runners, after a few laps the race forms into two groups. Just past halfway through the race, unattached **Runner #1** (a volunteer coach from School A) in the lead group slows and steps off the inside of the track and is holding his side as he walks slowly forward. One lap of the race passes, and then **Runner #1** comes back on the track into the second group. You witness verbal communication between this runner and two of the college runners who are also from School A. These two college runners are now positioned right behind **Runner #1**. The pace of these three quickens and now they have separated themselves from the second group and are moving up in the competition. With about 1000 meters remaining in the race, college **Runner #2** from **School B** is on the backstretch when you see a teammate not in the race running beside him, giving **Runner #2** water and a wet towel, and urging him to finish strong.

Recognizing that several incidents have occurred, protests may be filed, and the Referee may have to make decisions on the rules, you file a report with the Chief Umpire.

For the three parties below, describe what you report; cite the issue and the rule number(s) which were likely violated; and what penalties, if any, the Referee may impose.

Total for this question = 6 points.

1. **Runner # 1** (2 points)

2. **School A Runners** (2 points)

3. **Runner # 2** (2 points)

Score for Q 33: _____

34. Field Event Absence. Total for this question = 6 points.

a. If an athlete entered in an **USATF open** field event, conducted as a single flight, checks in after the event competition has started, discuss what trials they may take upon their arrival; address:

1. Verticals (1 point)

2. Throws & horizontal events separately (1 point)

b. If an athlete in an **NCAA** field event, conducted as a single flight, reports to check in after the event competition has started, discuss what trials they may take upon their arrival. (1 point)

c. If an athlete in an **USATF open** competition has properly checked in, is excused to compete in another event, but is not present for a trial, describe what actions you will take. (1 point)

d. If an athlete in an **NCAA** field event has properly checked in, is excused to compete in another event, but is not present for a trial, describe what actions you will take:

1. For vertical jumps (1 point)

2. For throws & horizontal jumps. Address both prelims and finals (1 point each)

Score for Q 34: _____

35. Throws - Order for Finals. You are the javelin head for a competition with four athletes (**A, B, C and D**).

The table below shows the results after the first three throws.

1. Determine the order for final three throws by filling in the squares for both **USATF** rules and **NCAA** rules (½ point each - total 4 pts.)
 2. Is the order for final three throws determined the same way using **USATF** and **NCAA** rules? For either yes or no, explain the differences citing the specific **USATF** or **NCAA** rule(s). (1 point)
 3. Should **Athlete B** advance to the final three rounds in a **USATF** event, and in an **NCAA** event? For both **USATF** and **NCAA**, list the applicable rules and explain your answer. (1 point)
- Total for this question = 6 points.

Part	Athlete	Attempt 1	Attempt 2	Attempt 3	USATF Order for Finals	NCAA Order for Finals
1	A	32.09	30.09	30.00		
	B	X	-	-		
	C	26.12	27.25	24.39		
	D	29.99	32.09	30.09		
2	Answer for Question # 2					
3	Answer for Question # 3					

Score for Q 35: _____